

History Learning Journey

Further Study:
A Level History Degrees e.g. History, Ancient History, Classics, War Studies, Archaeology, Teaching
Careers instead of further study:
Police, Journalism, Media, Writers, Heritage Industry, Librarian, Curator, Civil Service, Government



Revision

What was life under Nazi control and dictatorship like?
e.g. Reichstag Fire, Nights of the Long Knives, Law & Order, Propaganda, the Arts



What was the Weimar Republic 1918-29 like?
e.g. Origins, Challenges, economic recovery, society and culture

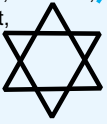


What were the significant conflicts and conquests in the A. West 1876-1895?
e.g. Farming, Cattle Industry, Plain Indian Wars, Exodus movement, Law and Order



Who settled on the West 1835-1862?
e.g. The Plains Indians and their beliefs, Migration, Pioneers, Mormons, Gold Rush, Conflict and tension

How did life in Nazi Germany change?
e.g. Women, children, employment, persecution



How did Hitler rise to power 1919-33?
e.g. Nazi party, economic crisis, supporters, SA



How did the A. West Plains develop 1862-1876?
e.g. Railroad, Homesteaders, Law & Order, Cattle Industry, Plains Indians



What was Elizabethan society in the Age of Exploration like?
e.g. education, leisure, the poor, New world, voyages of discovery, Francis Drake, Walter Raleigh



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Why is The British Sector of the Western Front, 1914-1918 significant in the study of medicine?
e.g. Context, trench systems, conditions, medical treatments, work of the RAMC and FANY, chain of evacuation, experiments and new techniques.



What was the Queen, government and religion like in 1558-1569?
e.g. Elizabeth I's accession, the Religious Settlement, Mary Queen of Scots



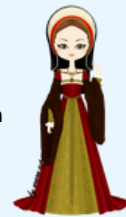
What is modern medicine link in Britain, 1900 – Present Day?
e.g., Causes, preventions, treatments, hospital care, Lung Cancer.



What was Renaissance medicine like in Britain, 1500-1700?
e.g. Causes, preventions, treatments, hospital care, the Great Plague



How important were the challenges Elizabeth I faced at home and abroad?
e.g. Plots and rebellion, execution of Mary Queen of Scots, New World, Foreign policy, Spanish Armada



What was Industrial medicine like in Britain, 1700-1900?
e.g. Causes, preventions, treatments, hospital care, Cholera.



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What was Medieval medicine like in Britain, 1250-1500?
e.g. Causes, prevention, treatments, hospital care, the Black Death



What were the key moments of the Cold War?
e.g. Iron Curtain, Yalta Conference, Cuban Missile Crisis, Space Race, Berlin Wall.

What were the causes and consequences of the Holocaust?
e.g. Anti-Semitism in Germany, Ghettos, Concentration Camps, other genocides such as Rwanda, Anti-Semitism today



What are the differences in interpretations about General Haig and why do they differ?



What were the consequences of World War I?

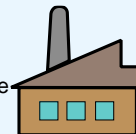
What happened during World War II?
The Peace Settlement, Economic Crisis, Rise of Fascism in Europe, Dictatorship, Propaganda, Education, WWII, Poland, Blitz, Battle of Stalingrad



What were the key features of World War I?
e.g. Causes, propaganda, trench warfare, medical conditions.



How did life change for everyone during the Industrial Revolution?
e.g. Population, Urbanisation, Crime, Inventions, Factories, Health.



How was religion a huge part of the Stuart era?



What happened during the English Civil War?

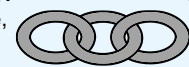


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How far do you agree with Nadhim Zahawi that children SHOULD be taught about the benefits of the British Empire?



Why did the slave trade last so long?
e.g. Africa before slavery, Slave Trade, abolition, BLM, attitudes towards race



What mattered to people outside of Britain?
Islamic Empire, China, Russia.

'The Black Death caused nothing but problems?'
e.g. Silk Road trade, medieval health and medicine, causes and cures of the Black Death.



Why was there an English Civil War?
e.g. James I, Charles I, religious differences, Divine Right of Kings



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What mattered to Medieval people?
e.g. Religion, Homes, Towns and Villages.



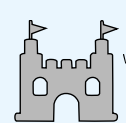
Why was religion such an issue for the early Tudors?



Why was Elizabeth's reign so significant?
e.g. first female queen, religious settlement, Spanish Armada, Mary Queen of Scots



How did William cause a 'truckload of trouble'?
e.g. Feudalism, Domesday Book, Castles, Harrying the North, religion



Key Stage 2 Bridging Scheme
Pre-1066 unit covering Romans, Anglo-Saxons and Vikings.



Diversity of primary History experiences

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Key Stage 2 History National Curriculum

welcome

Historical Concepts

Local History opportunity

What do sources and interpretations tell us about how Harold died?

Why did William win the Battle of Hastings?



How did Settlers and invaders leave their mark on Britain before 1066?

Local History topic:
How much has life changed over the past 50 years in Ilkeston?

